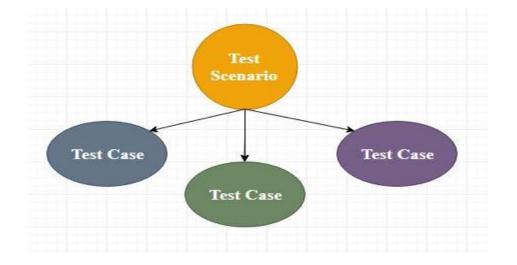
TEST CASES

The test case is defined as a group of conditions under which a tester determines whether a software application is working as per the customer's requirements or not. Test case designing includes preconditions, case name, input conditions, and expected result. A test case is a first level action and derived from test scenarios.



It is an in-details document that contains all possible inputs (positive as well as negative) and the navigation steps, which are used for the test execution process. Writing of test cases is a one-time attempt that can be used in the future at the time of regression testing.

Test case gives detailed information about testing strategy, testing process, preconditions, and expected output. These are executed during the testing process to check whether the software application is performing the task for that it was developed or not.

Test case helps the tester in defect reporting by linking defect with test case ID.

Detailed test case documentation works as a full proof guard for the testing team because if developer missed something, then it can be caught during execution of these full-proof test cases

To write the test case, we must have the requirements to derive the inputs, and the test scenarios must be written so that we do not miss out on anyfeatures for testing. Then we should have the test case template to maintain the uniformity, or every test engineer follows the same approach to prepare the test document.

Generally, we will write the test case whenever the developer is busy in writing the code.

When do we write a test case?

We will write the test case when we get the following:

- When the customer gives the business needs then, the developer starts developing and says that they need 3.5 months to build this product.
- And In the meantime, the testing team will start writing the test cases.
- Once it is done, it will send it to the Test Lead for the review process.
- And when the developers finish developing the product, it is handed over to the testing team.
- The test engineers never look at the requirement while testing the product document because testing is constant and does not depends on the mood of the person rather than the quality of the test engineer.

Why we write the test cases?

We will write the test for the following reasons:

- To require consistency in the test case execution
- To make sure a better test coverage

- It depends on the process rather than on a person
- To avoid training for every new test engineer on the product

To require consistency in the test case execution: we will see the test case and start testing the application.

To make sure a better test coverage: for this, we should cover all possible scenarios and document it, so that we need not remember all the scenarios again and again.

It depends on the process rather than on a person: A test engineer has tested an application during the first release, second release, and left the company at the time of third release. As the test engineer understood a module and tested the application thoroughly by deriving many values. If the person is not there for the third release, it becomes difficult for the new person. Hence all the derived values are documented so that it can be used in the future.

To avoid giving training for every new test engineer on the product: When the test engineer leaves, he/she leaves with a lot of knowledge and scenarios. Those scenarios should be documented so that the new test engineer can test with the given scenarios and also can write the new scenarios.

Test case template

н	leader									
Test Case Name/ID :-Release - Version - Application Name - Module										
	Test	Test Case Type:- F.T.C I.T.C S.T.C								
	Requ	Requirement Number:-								
	Module:-									
	Serverity:- Critical/Major/Minor									
	🖌 🤇 Statu	Status:-								
Release:-										
	Version:- Pre-condition:-									
	Test Data:-									
	Sumi	Summary:-								
Body										
\int	Step No.	Descri- pation	Inputs	Expected Result	Actual Reasult	Status	Comments			
7			•••		•••					
					•••	•••				
Footer										
-	Author:- Reviewd By:-									

Approved By:-

Date:-

The primary purpose of writing a test case is to achieve the efficiency of the application.

As we know, the **actual result** is written after the test case execution, and most of the time, it would be same as the **expected result**. But if the test step will fail, it will be different. So, the actual result field can be skipped, and in **the Comments** section, we can write about the bugs.

And also, the **Input field** can be removed, and this information can be added to the **Description field**.

The above template we discuss above is not the standard one because it can be different for each company and also with each application, which is based on the test engineer and the test lead. But,

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for testing one application, all the test engineers should follow a usual template, which is formulated.

The test case should be written in simple language so that a new test engineer can also understand and execute the same.

In the above sample template, the header contains the following:

Step number

It is also essential because if step number 20 is failing, we can document the bug report and hence prioritize working and also decide if it's a critical bug.

Test case type

It can be functional, integration or system test cases or positive or negative or positive and negative test cases.

Release

One release can contain many versions of the release.

Pre-condition

These are the necessary conditions that need to be satisfied by every test engineer before starting the test execution process. Or it is the data configuration or the data setup that needs to be created for the testing.

For example: In an application, we are writing test cases to add users, edit users, and delete users. The per-condition will be seen if user A is added before editing it and removing it.

Test data

These are the values or the input we need to create as per the per-condition.

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For example, Username, Password, and account number of the users.

The test lead may be given the test data like username or password to test the application, or the test engineer may themselves generate the username and password.

Severity

The severity can be **major**, **minor**, **and critical**, the severity in the test case talks about the importance of that particular test cases. All the text execution process always depends on the severity of the test cases.

We can choose the severity based on the module. There are many features include in a module, even if one element is critical, we claim that test case to be critical. It depends on the functions for which we are writing the test case.

For example, we will take the Gmail application and let us see the severity based on the modules:

Modules	Severity
Login	Critical
Help	Minor
Compose mail	Critical
Setting	Minor
Inbox	Critical
Sent items	Major
Logout	Critical CCS366 SOFTWARE TESTING AND AUTON

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And for the banking application, the severity could be as follows:

Modules	Severity
Amount transfer	critical
Feedback	minor

Brief description

The test engineer has written a test case for a particular feature. If he/she comes and reads the test cases for the moment, he/she will not know for what feature has written it. So, the brief description will help them in which feature test case is written.

Example of a test case template

Here, we are writing a test case for the **ICICI application's Login** module:

Home	 Insert Page Layout Formulas Dat 	a Review V	New Microsof	It Excel Worksheet - Microsof	it bicel	
E & Cut	Calibri • 11 • A* A*	= = 📮 🐉 -	17.205	General *	100	8112 B
Copy -	Calloin A A		M. map ist.		1	
Format Pa	inter B I U - 🖸 - 🍐 - 🗛 -	医萎缩 保住	🚝 🚟 Merge & Center *			Format C
Clipboard	G Font G	Alia	nment G	Number 12	ormatting * a	is Table = Styl tyles
DS	• (* fr					
A	8	c	D	E	F	G
Test case tam	plate					
test case name	Delta-3.0-ICICI-Login					
test case type	Functional test case					
requirement no	1	1				
module	login					
status	XXX			-		
severity	critical					
release	Delta					
version		3				
pre-condition	required one login					
test data	username-abc, password-123					
summary	to check the functionality of login					
Steps no	Description	Inputs	Expected result	Actual results	Status	Comment
- 88	1 open "Browser" and enter the "Url"	https://QA/Main/	/ "Login page must be displa	ay As Expected	pass	XXX
1	2 enter the following values for "Username" :					
	Valid(abc)	abc	Accpect	Login page must be o	disc pass	XXXX
	Invalid	555	Error message "invalid log	in" not as expected	fail	bug#1
	Blank	Null	Error message username c	annot t not as expected	fail	
-	Symbols	2 alphabet	Error message invalid logi	in not as expected	fail	
	3 enter the following values for "Password":		1.53			
4	valid	120	Accpect	Login page must be o	fiernase	XXX
	invalid	xy3	Error message invalid logi		fail	AAA
	Blank	~12	Error message password c		fail	
	enter the valid username and password and		errer message passione e			
	4 click on "OK" button	abc.123	"home Pag " must be displ	layed home page is displa	vin pass	
	enter the valid username and password and	1				
	5 click on "Cancel" button	abc,123	all field must be cleard	the entered data is c	lea pass	XXX
author	test engineer name					
date	1/4/2020					
reviewed by	ryan					
apporved by	iessica					
appointed of		1				

TYPES OF TEST CASES

We have a different kind of test cases, which are as follows:

- Function test cases
- Integration test cases
- System test cases

The functional test cases

Firstly, we check for which field we will write test cases and then describe accordingly.

In functional testing or if the application is data-driven, we require the input column else; it is a bit time-consuming.

Rules to write functional test cases:

- In the expected results column, try to use **should be** or **must be**.
- Highlight the Object names.
- We have to describe only those steps which we required the most; otherwise, we do not need to define all the steps.
- To reduce the excess execution time, we will write steps correctly.
- Write a generic test case; do not try to hard code it.

Let say it is the amount transfer module, so we are writing the functional test cases for it and then also specifies that it is not a login feature.

AMOUNT TRANSFER						
	From Account Number (FAN)					
	To Account Number					
	(TAN)					
	Amount					
	TRANSFER CANCEL					

The functional test case for amount transfer module is in the below Excel file:

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Functional Te	st case tamplate	(C)	£	6	6	13
Test case name	beta-1.0-ICIG-amount transfer	<u> </u>	\		1	
Test case type	Functional test case	(5	1	10	1
Requirement no	6	()			1	1
Module	arrount transfer			1	1. A	
Status	XXX			1		1
Severity	Critical				1	
Release	Beta			1		1
Version	START D	If we are saying		1	C	
Pre-condition	sender login	(5000-9000) baian	co,	1	1	1
	two account number	but if want to test				
1	Balance-> exist	for 9001, so oblau		3		Ť.
Test data	Username:xy2, Password:1234	It will give the em	or		pass fail pass	1
	1231.4321	message(unsufficent messa		4		
	3000-9000	un sam den concessa	84 	1	1	
Summary	to check the functionality of amount transfer					
		to out o	Turns about security	Actual results	Carbone.	
Steps no	Description	Inputs	Expected result			A
-	1 Open "Browser" and enter the "Url"	https://QA/Main//l	Login page" must be display	As Expected	pass	XXX
	Enter the following values for "Username" and				and a set	
	2 "Password" and dick on the "OK" button	xyz, 1234	"Home page"must be displayed	As Expected		XXX
	3 Click on the "Amount Transfer"	Null			pass	XXX
	Enter the following for From Account 4 number (FAN):	**				A.K.
	valid	1234	Acquect	As Expected	pass .	1
1	invalid	1124	Error message invalid account	1.	fail	T.
	blank	(<u> </u>	Error message FAN value cannot b	e blank	fail	
	-	-	-		1	1
<u> </u>		test maximum cove	rage	1	10	1
	Enter the following values for "TO account 5 number "(TAN)		(
	valid	4321	Acmect	As expected	0355	XXX
	invalid		Error message invalid account	a france in the second s	fail	
5	Blank	E mor message TAN value cannot t		e blank	15	10
-		-		1	1	1
17		test maximum cov	of The	1		10
	6 enter the value for "Amount"	DER INSKINGTIGTIT GPV	(in a get	5		\$
6	valid	5000, 5001,9000,8	Armert	As expected	Particular int	XXX
8	T GIRL	3000, 3001,3000,0	error message amount should be	Parcapectea	prost .	inne i
	invalid	4999.9001	between (5000-9000)		640	
	Enter the value for "FAN, TAN, Amount" dick	40.000.2003	factorize (112020-20201)		p sann.	10
-	7 on the "Transfer" button			-		
	FAN	1234	1		1	
8			"Confilmation Message" amount transfer sucessfully must be			xxx
÷	TAN		L displayed	As expected	pass	
	Amount	6000				
	Enter the value for "FAN, TAN, Amount" dick gion the "Gangel" button					
1	FAN	1234	1		1	0
8	TAN	4321	All field must be cleared	As expected	pass	XXX
	Amount	6000	2			1
					1	-
Author	Sem		2			
Date Reviewd by	4/1/2020		17			
Strengthing have block	iessica	ler:	14	- 1	N.	12

INTEGRATION TEST CASE

In this, we should not write something which we already covered in the functional test cases, and something we have written in the integration test case should not be written in the system test case again.

Rules to write integration test cases

- Firstly, understand the product
- Identify the possible scenarios
- Write the test case based on the priority

When the test engineer writing the test cases, they may need to consider the following aspects:

If the test cases are in details:

- They will try to achieve maximum test coverage.
- All test case values or scenarios are correctly described.
- They will try to think about the execution point of view.
- The template which is used to write the test case must be unique.

SYSTEM TEST CASES

We will write the system test cases for the end-to-end business flows. And we have the entire modules ready to write the system test cases.

The process to write test cases

The method of writing a test case can be completed into the following steps, which are as below:

