## **5.1.1 Format Operator**

write() function takes the argument as a string . To put other values in a file, it must be converted to strings. It is done by 2 methods:

i) str() method is used to convert other values into string.

## Example Program:

```
>>>x=52
>>>f.write(str(x))
52
```

ii) Format operator is an % operator that converts other values into string.

with integers, % is considered as modulus operator with strings,% is considered as format operator

# Example Program:

15

%d is formatted as decimal integer.

### **Format sequence in string:**

Format sequence can appear anywhere in the string

### Example Program:

```
>>>computers=10
>>>'I have bought %d computers', %computers
```

#### Output:

I have bought 10 computers

### More than one format sequence:

If there is more than one format sequence, second argument must be tuple.

### Example Program:

```
>>>"In %d years, I have bought
%g%s".%(2,3.0,'computers')In 2 years, I have
bought 3.0 computers
```

In the above program:

- **⊘**%d is formatted to integer
- **②**%g is formatted to floating point number
- **7**%s is formatted to string.
- Number of elements in tuple and number of format sequences must be same