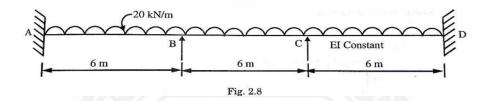
2.2 ANALYSIS OF CONTINUOUS BEAMS IN SLOPE DEFLECTION METHOD.

2.2.1 NUMERICAL EXAMPLES ON(CONTINUOUS BEAMS):

PROBLEM NO:01

Analysis the continuous beam shown in fig.2.8,Calculate the support moments using slope deflection method.Draw the SF and BM diagrams.



Solutions:

• Fixed End Moments:

MFAB = MFBC = MFCD =
$$-W1^2/12 = -20x6^2/12 = -60 \text{ kNm}$$

MFBA = MFCB = MFDC = $-W1^2/12 = 20x6^2/12 = 60 \text{ kNm}$

• Slope Deflection Equations:

The structure is symmetrical. So is the loadind. There is no sinking of supports. Hence the following conditions prevail.

- $\theta A = \theta D = 0$
- $\delta = 0$ for all spans
- $\theta B = \theta C$

Hence there is only one unknown displacement, namely θB . For span AB, the general slope deflection equation is

MAB = MFAB + 2EI/6(
$$2\theta$$
A + θ B + 3δ /l)
MAB = - $60 + 2EI/6(\theta$ B)-----(2.1)

Since
$$\theta A = 0$$
 and $\delta = 0$

$$MAB = 60 + 2EI/6(\theta B) ----- (2.2)$$

No other slope deflection equation is needed.

Since θB is the only unknown.

For span BC,

$$MBC = MFBC + 2EI/6(2\theta B + \theta C + 3\delta/I)$$

$$MBC = -60 + 2EI/6(3\theta B) -----(2.3)$$

• Joint Equilibrium Equations:

$$MAB + MBC = 0$$

$$60 + 2EI\theta B/3 - 60 + EI\theta B = 0$$

Hence, $\theta B = 0$

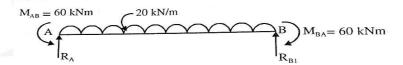
• Final Moments:

$$MAB = MBC = MCD = -60 \text{ kNm}$$

$$MBA = MCB = MDC = 60 \text{ kNm}$$

• Shear Force Diagram:

Span AB:



Taking moments about A, on the free body diagram of span AB,

$$-RB1 \times 6 - MAB + MBA + w1^{2}/2 = 0$$

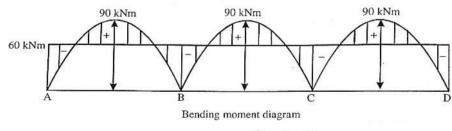
- RB1 x
$$6 - 60 + 60 + 20$$
 x $6^2/2 = 0$

$$RB1 = 60KN$$
; $RA = 60KN$

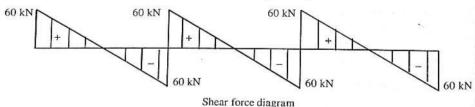
Similarly in span BC, RB2 = RC1 = 60

$$RB = RB1 + RB2 = 120 KN$$

• BMD and SFD:

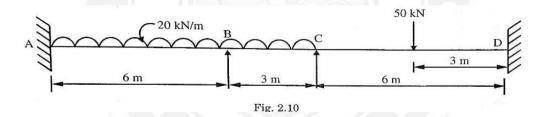


Simply supported span bending moment = $\frac{wl^2}{8} = \frac{20 \times 6^2}{8} = 90 \text{ kNm}$



PROBLEM NO:02

Analysis the continuous beam shown in fig.2.10,Calculate the support moments using slope deflection method.Support B sinks by 10mm.Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $I = 16 \times 10^7 \text{ mm}^4$.Sketch the SF and BM diagrams.



Solution:

• Fixed End Moments:

MFAB =
$$-W1^2/12 = -20x6^2/12 = -60 \text{ kNm}$$
;

MFBA =
$$W1^2/12 = 20x6^2/12 = 60 \text{ kNm}$$
;

MFBC =
$$-W1^2/12 = -20x3^2/12 = -15 \text{ kNm}$$
;

MFCB =
$$Wl^2/12 = 20x3^2/12 = 15 \text{ kNm};$$

$$MFCD = -W1/8 = -50x6/8 = -37.5 \text{ kNm};$$

MFDC =
$$W1/8 = 50x6/8 = 37.5 \text{ kNm}$$
;

• Slope Deflection Equations:

$$MAB = MFAB + 2EI/6(2\theta A + \theta B + 3\delta/l)$$

$$= -60 + EI/3(0 + \theta B - 1/200) \quad --- (1)$$

$$MBA = MFBA + 2EI/6(2\theta B + \theta A + 3\delta/l)$$

$$= 60 + EI/3(2\theta B - 3 \times 10/6000) --- (2)$$

$$MBC = MFBC + 2EI/3(2\theta B + \theta C + 3\delta/1)$$

$$= -15 + 2EI/3(2\theta B + \theta C + 1/100) --- (3)$$

$$MCB = MFCB + 2EI/3(2\theta C + \theta B + 3\delta/1)$$

$$= 15 + 2EI/3(2\theta C + \theta B + 1/100) --- (4)$$

$$MCD = MFCD + 2EI/6(2\theta C + \theta D + 3\delta/1)$$

$$= -37.5 + EI/3(2\theta C) --- (5)$$

$$MDC = MFDC + 2EI/6(2\theta D + \theta C + 3\delta/1)$$

$$= 37.5 + EI/3(\theta C) --- (6)$$

• Joint Equilibrium Equations:

Joint B:

$$MBA + MBC = 0$$

$$EI/3(6\theta B + 2\theta C + 3/200) = -135$$
 --- (7)

Joint C:

$$MCB + MCD = 0$$

$$EI(\theta B + 3\theta C + 1/100) = 33.75$$
 --- (8)

Equvating (7 & 8); we get

$$\theta C = -\frac{1}{464}$$
; $\theta B = -\frac{1}{402}$

• Final Moments:

$$MAB = -139.843 \text{ kNm};$$

$$MBA = -46.354 \text{ kNm};$$

$$MBC = 46.3 \text{ kNm};$$

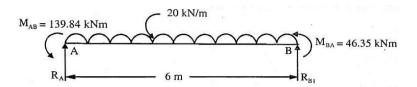
$$MCB = 83.35 \text{ kNm};$$

$$MCD = -83.477 \text{ kNm};$$

$$MDC = 14.51 \text{ kNm};$$

• To Draw S.F.D:

Span AB:

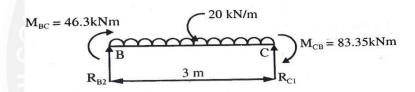


Taking moments about A.

$$20 \times 6^2/2 - 46.35 - 139.84 - RB1(6) = 0$$
; $RB1 = 28.97 \text{ KN}$

$$RA = 20 \times 6 - 28.97$$
; $RA = 91.03 \text{ KN}$

Span BC:

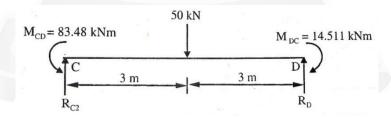


Taking moments about B.

$$20 \times 3^2/2 + 83.35 + 46.3 - RC1(3) = 0$$
; RC1 = 73.22 KN

$$RB2 = 20 \times 3 - 73.22$$
; $RB2 = -13.21 \text{ KN}$

Span CD:



Taking moments about C.

$$14.511 + 50(3) - 83.48 - RD(6) = 0;$$

$$RD = 13.5 \text{ KN}; RC2 = 36.5 \text{ KN}$$

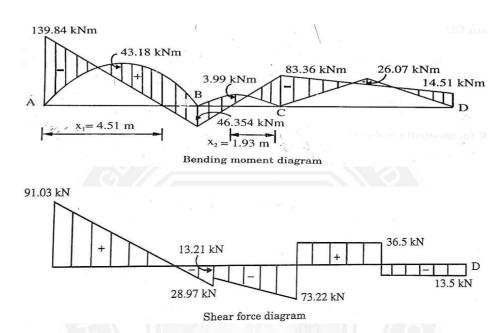
• Free BMD:

$$MAB = Wl^2/8 = 20 \ x \ 6^2/8 = 90 \ kNm$$

$$MBC = Wl^2/8 = 20 \times 3^2/8 = 22.5 \text{ kNm}$$

$$MCD = W1/4 = 50 \times 6/4 = 75 \text{ kNm}$$

• BMD and SFD:



PROBLEM NO:03

Analysis the continuous beam shown in fig.2.3, Calculate the support moments using slope deflection method. Sketch the BM diagrams.

$$2IAB = IBC = 2ICD = 2I$$

$$80 \text{ kN} \qquad 80 \text{ kN}$$

$$2m \qquad 2m \qquad 2m$$

$$4m \qquad B \qquad 6m \qquad C \qquad 4m$$

$$Fig. 2.3$$

IAB = ICD = I, IBC = 2I,
$$\theta$$
A = θ D = 0 (A and D are fixed)

Solution:

• Fixed End Moments:

MFAB =
$$-W1^2/12 = -20x4^2/12 = -26.67$$
 kNm;
MFBA = $W1^2/12 = 20x4^2/12 = 26.67$ kNm;

MFBC =
$$-\text{Wa}(a + c)/6 = -80(4 + 2)/6 = -106.67 \text{ kNm}$$
;
MFCB = $\text{Wa}(a + c)/6 = 80(4 + 2)/6 = 106.67 \text{ kNm}$;
MFCD = $-\text{Wl}^2/12 = -15\text{x4}^2/12 = -20 \text{ kNm}$;
MFDC = $\text{Wl}^2/12 = 15\text{x4}^2/12 = 20 \text{ kNm}$;

Slope Deflection Equations:

• Joint Equilibrium Equations:

Joint B:

$$MBA + MBC = 0$$

$$2.333\theta B + 0.666\theta C = 80/EI$$
 --- (7)

Joint C:

$$MCB + MCD = 0$$

$$0.666\theta B + 2.333\theta C = 86.67/EI$$
 --- (8)

Equvating (7 & 8); we get

$$\theta C = -51.11/EI$$
; $\theta B = 48.88/EI$;

• Final Moments:

$$MAB = -2.23 \text{ kNm};$$

$$MBA = 75.55 \text{ kNm};$$

$$MBC = -75.55 \text{ kNm};$$

MCB = 71.09 kNm;

MCD = -71.09 kNm;

MDC = -5.56 kNm;

• **BMD**:

