## 3.6 Protection of bus bars:

#### **Busbar:**

• A busbar is a metallic strip or bar that conducts electricity inside a substation. • It is made of copper or aluminium.



Figure: 3.6.1 Protection of busbars [Source: "Principles of Powersystem" by V.K.Mehta, Page: 341]

### **Busbar Faults:**

- Failure of insulation due to material deterioration E OUTSPREAD
- Failure of circuit breaker
- Earth fault
- Flashover due to overvoltages
- Errors in the operation of switchgear
- Accidents due to foreign bodies falling on the busbars

• Flashover due to heavily polluted insulator.

### Protection of Busbars:

- Frame leakage protection
- Circulating current protection

# 3.6.1 Frame Leakage Protection:

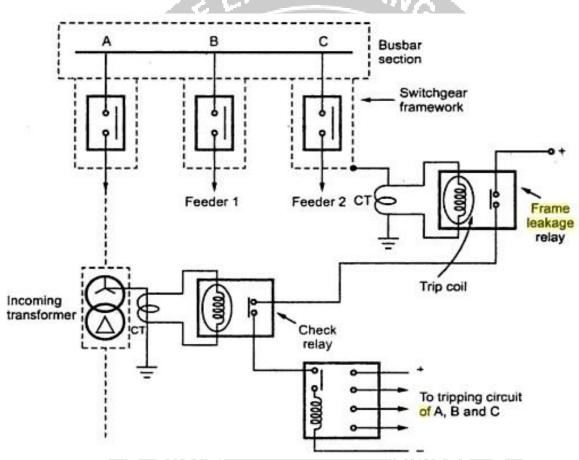
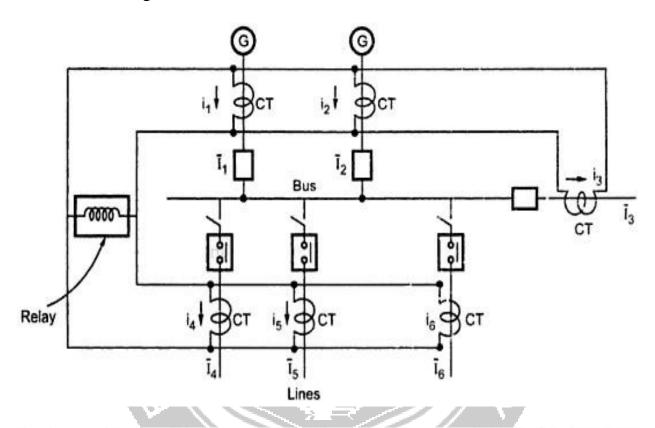


Figure: 3.6.2 Frame Leakage Protection [Source: "Principles of Powersystem" by V.K.Mehta, Page: 342]

# 3.6.2 Circulating Current Protection:



 $I_1, I_2 \dots I_6$  are the currents in the circuits connected to the busbar. Under normal condition,  $\sum I = 0$ .

i.e. 
$$\overline{I}_1 + \overline{I}_2 + \overline{I}_3 + \overline{I}_4 + \overline{I}_5 + \overline{I}_6 = 0$$
 (vector sum)

No current flows through the relay and hence remains inoperative.

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