

SPIRITUALITY

Spirituality is a way of living that emphasizes the constant awareness and recognition of the spiritual dimension (mind and its development) of nature and people, with a dynamic balance between the material development and the spiritual development. This is said to be the great virtue of Indian philosophy and for Indians. Sometimes, spirituality includes the faith or belief in supernatural power/ God, regarding the worldly events. It functions as a fertilizer for the soil 'character' to blossom into values and morals.

Spirituality includes creativity, communication, recognition of the individual as human being (as opposed to a life-less machine), respect to others, acceptance (stop finding faults with colleagues and accept them the way they are), vision (looking beyond the obvious and not believing anyone blindly), and partnership (not being too authoritative, and always sharing responsibility with others, for better returns).

Spirituality is motivation as it encourages the colleagues to perform better. Remember, lack of motivation leads to isolation. Spirituality is also energy: Be energetic and flexible to adapt to challenging and changing situations. Spirituality is flexibility as well. One should not be too dominating. Make space for everyone and learn to recognize and accept people the way they are. Variety is the order of the day. But one can influence their mind to think and act together. Spirituality is also fun. Working is okay, but you also need to have fun in office to keep yourself charged up. Tolerance and empathy are the reflections of spirituality. Blue and saffron colors are said to be associated with spirituality.

Creativity in spirituality means conscious efforts to see things differently, to break out of habits and outdated beliefs to find new ways of thinking, doing and being. Suppression of creativity leads to violence. People are naturally creative. When they are forced to crush their creativity, its energy turns to destructive release and actions. Creativity includes the use of color, humor and freedom to enhance productivity. Creativity is fun. When people enjoy what they do, it is involvement. They work much harder.

8. *Creative thinking and constant reasoning* — Think if we can do something new and if we can improve further?

1. *Ability to analyze and synthesize* — Refrain from doing something only traditional.
 2. *Positive views of adversity* — Make adversities one's source of power—a typical Karmayogi's outlook! Every threat is converted into opportunity.
 3. *Humility* — The attitude to accept criticism (it requires courage!) and willing to correct. It includes modesty and acknowledging the work of colleagues.
- Sense of vocation* — Treat the duty as a service to society, besides your organization

Spirituality in the Workplace

Building spirituality in the workplace: Spirituality is promoted in the workplace by adhering to the following activities:

4. Verbally respect the individuals as humans and recognize their values in all decisions and actions.
5. Get to know the people with whom you work and know what is important to them. Know their goals, desires, and dreams too.
6. State your personal ethics and your beliefs clearly.
7. Support causes outside the business.
8. Encourage leaders to use value-based discretion in making decisions.
9. Demonstrate your own self-knowledge and spirituality in all your actions.
10. Do unto others as you would have them do unto you.

Spirituality for Corporate Excellence

The spiritual traits to be developed for excellence in corporate activities are listed as follows:

11. *Self-awareness* — Realization of self-potential. A human has immense capability but it needs to be developed.
12. *Alertness in observation and quickness in decision making*, i.e., spontaneity which includes quick reflexes, no delay but also no hasty decisions.
13. *Being visionary and value based* — This includes an attitude towards future of the organization and the society, with clear objectives.
14. *Holism* — Whole system or comprehensive views and interconnected

with different aspects. Holistic thinking, which means the welfare of the self, family, organization and the society including all other living beings and environment.

15. *Compassion* — Sympathy, empathy and concern for others. These are essential for not only building the team but also for its effective functioning.
16. *Respect for diversity* — It means search for unity in diversity i.e., respect others and their views.
17. *Moral Autonomy* — It means action based on rational and moral judgment. One need not follow the crowd or majority i.e., band-wagon effect.

