

## DESIGN FOR COUNTER FORT RETAINING WALL

### 1.6 Design For Counter Fort Retaining Wall For Heel Slab Design

#### Example:6

Design a counter fort retaining wall based on the following data

Height of wall above ground level = 6m

SBC of soil =  $160 \text{ KN/m}^2$

Angle of internal friction  $\phi = 33^\circ$

Density of soil =  $16 \text{ KN/m}^3$

Spacing of counter forts = 3m c/c

Adopt M20 grade concrete and Fe415 HYSD bars

#### Solution:

**Step:1** Dimension of retaining wall

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a) Depth of foundation} &= \frac{P}{W(1 - \sin\phi / 1 + \sin\phi)^2} \\ &= \frac{160}{16(1/3)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= 1.11 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Provide depth of foundation} = 1.2 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{(b) Overall height of wall, } H = 6 + 1.2$$

$$H = 7.2 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{(c) Thickness of base slab} = 2LH \text{ cm}$$

$$= 2 \times 3 \times 7.2$$

$$= 43.2 \text{ cm}$$

Provide 450mm thick base slab

$$\text{Base width} = 0.6H \text{ to } 0.7H$$

$$(0.6 \times 7.2) = 4.32\text{m}$$

$$(0.7 \times 7.2) = 5.04\text{m}$$

$$\text{Adopt base width} = 4.5\text{m}$$

$$\text{Toe projection} = (1/4) \times 4.5$$

$$= 1.1\text{m}$$

## Step:2 Stability calculations

(a) Find load

$$\begin{aligned} W1 &= b \times d \times \gamma_c \\ &= 0.22 \times 6.75 \times 24 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 35.64 \text{ KN}$$

$$\begin{aligned} W2 &= b \times d \times \gamma_c \\ &= 0.45 \times 4.5 \times 24 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 48.60 \text{ KN}$$

$$W3 = b \times d \times \gamma_s$$

$$= 3.28 \times 6.75 \times 16$$

$$= 354.24 \text{ KN}$$

$$\text{Total} = W1 + W2 + W3$$

$$= 35.64 + 48.60 + 354.24$$

$$= 438.49 \text{ KN}$$

(b) Find moment

$$M1 = W1 \times \text{length}$$

$$= 35.64 \times 3.39$$

$$=120.80\text{KNm}$$

$$M_2 = W_2 \times \text{length}$$

$$=48.60 \times 2.25$$

$$=109.35\text{KNm}$$

$$M_3 = W_3 \times \text{length}$$

$$=354.24 \times 1.64$$

$$=580.95\text{KNm}$$

$$M_4 = \text{Moment of earth pressure}$$

$$k_a = \frac{Wh^3}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{(16 \times 7.2^3)}{6}$$

$$M_4 = 331.77\text{KNm (moment at base)}$$

Total moment,

$$M = M_1 + M_2 + M_3 + M_4$$

$$= 120.80 + 109.35 + 580.95 + 331.77$$

$$M = 1142.87\text{KNm}$$

Distance of the point of application of the resultant from point 'a' is,

$$Z = \frac{\sum M}{\sum W}$$

$$= 1142.87 / 438.49$$

$$= 2.66\text{m}$$

$$\text{Eccentricity, } e = Z - \frac{b}{2}$$

$$= 2.66 - \frac{4.5}{2}$$

$$= 0.41\text{m}$$

but,

$$\left(\frac{b}{6}\right) = \frac{4.5}{6}$$

$$=0.75\text{m}$$

$$e < (b/6)$$

Maximum and minimum pressure at the base are given by,

$$\sigma = \sum W/b [1 \pm 6e/b]$$

$$\sigma_{\max} = 438.49/4.5 [1 + (6 \times 0.41)/4.5]$$

$$= 150\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$\sigma_{\min} = 438.49/4.5 [1 - (6 \times 0.41)/4.5]$$

$$= 45\text{KN/m}^2$$

The maximum intensity of pressure does not exceed the permissible value of  $160\text{KN/m}^2$

### Step:3 Design of heel slab

Considering 1m wide strip of heel slab near heel end 'a',

$$\text{upward soil pressure} = 45\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Weight of soil on strip} = 16 \times 6.75$$

$$= 108 \text{ KN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Self weight of strip} = 1 \times 0.45 \times 24$$

$$= 10.8 \text{ KN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Total} = 108 + 10.8$$

$$= 118.80\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Deduct for downward pressure} = -45\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Net downward pressure} = 73.80\text{KN/m}^2$$

$$\text{Spacing of counter forts} = 3\text{m}$$

Max negative service BM at counter forts,

$$M = (73.80 \times 3^2)/12$$

$$= 55.35 \text{ KNm}$$

$$\text{Factored moment} = M_u \times 1.5$$

$$= 55.35 \times 1.5$$

$$= 83 \text{ KNm}$$

Reinforcement in heal slab,

$$M_u = (0.87 f_y A_{st} d)[(1 - A_{st} f_y)/(b d f_{ck})]$$

$$83 \times 10^6 = (0.87 \times 415 A_{st} \times 400)[(1 - 415 A_{st})/(1000 \times 400 \times 20)]$$

$$A_{st} = 600 \text{ mm}^2$$

Provide 12mm dia bars at 150mm c/c

$$A_{st} = 754 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{Distribution bar} = 0.12\% \text{ of cross section}$$

$$= 0.0012 \times 1000 \times 450$$

$$= 540 \text{ mm}^2$$

Provide 10mm dia bars at 280mm c/c on both faces

$$A_{st} = 561 \text{ mm}^2$$

#### Step:4 Design of counter forts

$$\text{Thickness provide at top} = 220 + 220 = 440 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Thickness of counterfort} = 440 \text{ mm}$$

Max working moment in counter forts is

$$M = k_a \times W h^{3/6} \times L$$

$$= 1/3 \times (16 \times 6.75^3)/6 \times 3$$

$$=820.12\text{KNm}$$

$$\text{Factored moment} = M_u \times 1.5$$

$$= 820.12 \times 1.5$$

$$=1230\text{KNm}$$

Reinforcement at bottom of counterforts is computed using the relation,

$$(1230 \times 10^6) = (0.87 \times 415 A_{st} \times 440) [(1 - 415 A_{st}) / (440 \times 4400 \times 20)]$$

$$A_{st} = 800\text{mm}^2$$

But, minimum reinforcement as per IS code, 456:2000,

$$A_{st} = 0.85 b d / f_y$$

$$= (0.85 \times 440 \times 4400) / 415$$

$$= 3965\text{mm}^2$$

Provide 5 bars of 32mm dia

$$A_{st} = 4020\text{mm}^2$$

#### Step:5 Curtailment of bars

$h_1$  = depth at which 1 bar can be curtailed, then

$$(5-1)/5 = h_1 / 6.75^2$$

$$h_1 = 6\text{m from top}$$

$h_2$  = depth at which 2 bars are curtailed,

$$(5-2)/5 = h_2 / 6.75^2$$

$$h_2 = 5.2\text{m from top}$$

$h_3$  = depth at which 3 bars are curtailed,

$$(5-3)/5 = h_3 / 6.75^2$$

$$h_3 = 4.2\text{m from top}$$

Remaining two bars are taken right upto the top.

**Step:6** Connection between counterforts and upright slab

Considering bottom 1m height of up right slab,

$$\text{pressure on this strip} = 36\text{KN/m}^2$$

Total working load pressure transferred to the counterfort for

$$1\text{m height} = 36(3-0.44)$$

$$= 91.8 \text{ KN}$$

$$\text{Factored force} = 1.5 \times 91.8$$

$$= 138 \text{ KN}$$

Reinforcement required per metre height

$$= 138 \times 10^3 / (0.87 \times 415)$$

$$= 382 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{Minimum reinforcement} = 0.0012 \times 10^3 \times 440$$

$$= 528 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{Spacing of 10mm dia bars} = (78.5 \times 1000) / 52.8$$

$$= 148.6 \text{ mm}$$

This amount of reinforcement is provide as two legged horizontal lines of 10mm dia at 280mm c/c.

**Step:7** Connection between counterforts and heal slab

Working tension transferred in 1m width of the counterforts near heal end

$$a = 73.80(3-0.44)$$

$$= 189 \text{ KN}$$

$$\text{Factored tension} = 1.5 \times 189$$

$$= 283.5\text{KN}$$

Reinforcement required in 1m width

$$= (283.5 \times 10^3) / (0.87 \times 415)$$

$$= 785\text{mm}^2/\text{m}$$

Spacing of 10mm dia two legged links

$$= (2 \times 78.5 \times 10^3) / 785$$

$$= 200\text{mm}$$

Provide 10mm dia two legged links at 200mm c/c.

