# CS8601 -MOBILE COMPUTING

### UNIT 4

## **MOBILE TRANSPORT AND APPLICATION LAYER**

# **4.4.** Wireless transport layer security (WTLS)

The wireless transport layer security (WTLS) can be integrated into the WAP architecture on top of WDP. Supports datagram and connection-oriented transport layer protocols. Based on TLS/SSL protocol.

Provide different levels of security for:

- Privacy
- Data integrity
- Authentication

Optimized for low bandwidth, high-delay bearer networks.

Takes into account:

- Low processing power
- Limited memory capacity

Before data can be exchanged via WTLS, a secure session has to be established. Both originator & peer can interrupt the session at any time.

### Steps in the Session establishment:

Step 1: Negotiation of the security parameters and suites:

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## 1.1.Initiate the session with the SEC-Create :

- SA: Source Address
- SP: Source Port
- DA: Destination Address
- DP: Destination Port
- KES: Key Exchange Suite (e.g. RSA, Diffie, ECC)
- CS: Cipher Suite (e.g. DES, IDEA)
- CM: Compression Method

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Fig. WTLS establishing a secure session

**Step 3:** The originator issues SEC-Commit.req:

- The originator answers with its certificate.
- Indicates that the handshake is complete.

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Step 4: SEC-Commit.ind :

- Indicates that the certificate is delivered
- Concludes the full handshake.

**Step 5:** User datagram can be exchanged using SEC-Unitdata:

• Same function as T-DUnitdata on the WDP layer

The parameters are the same here:

source address (SA), source port (SP), destination address (DA), destination port (DP), and user data (UD)

