## UNIT- II INTERPOLATION AND APPROXIMATION

#### PROBLEMS BASED ON CUBIC SPLINES FORMULA

## 4.4 Cubic Splines

#### Interpolating with a cubic spline

The cubic spline interpolation formula is

$$\begin{split} S(x) &= y(x) = y = \frac{1}{6h} [(x_i - x)^3 M_{i-1} + (x - x_{i-1})^3 M_i] \\ &+ \frac{1}{h} (x_i - x) [y_{i-1} - \frac{h^2}{6} M_{i-1}] + \frac{1}{h} (x - x_{i-1}) [y_i - \frac{h^2}{6} M_i] \end{split}$$

where

$$M_{i-1} + 4M_i + M_{i+1} = \frac{6}{h^2} [y_{i-1} - 2y_i + y_{i+1}]$$

$$n = \text{number of data}$$

$$i = \text{number of intervals [ i.e., i = 1, 2, 3, (n - 1)]}$$

$$h = \text{length of interval} = \text{ interval length.}$$

**Note**: If  $M_i$  and  $y''_i$  values are not given, then assume  $M_0 = M_n = 0$  [or  $y''_0 = y''_n = 0$ ], and find  $M_1, M_2, \dots, M_{n-1}$  in 1<sup>st</sup> interval, 2<sup>nd</sup> interval,  $\dots, (n-1)$ <sup>th</sup> interval value.

Note: Order of convergence of the cubic spline is 4.

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Find the cubic spline approximation for the function f(x) given by the data:x0123y = f(x)1233244

with  $M_0 = 0 = M_3$ . Hence estimate the value f(0.5), f(1.5), f(2.5). {AU2010} Solution: We know that cubic spline interpolation formula for  $x_{i-1} \le x < x_i, i = 1, 2, 3$  is

$$S_{i}(x) = y(x) = y = \frac{1}{6h} \left[ (x_{i} - x)^{3} M_{i-1} + (x - x_{i-1})^{3} M_{i} \right] + \frac{1}{h} (x_{i} - x) \left[ y_{i-1} - \frac{h^{2}}{6} M_{i-1} \right] + \frac{1}{h} (x - x_{i-1}) \left[ y_{i} - \frac{h^{2}}{6} M_{i} \right]$$
(1)

where 
$$M_{i-1} + 4M_i + M_{i+1} = \frac{6}{h^2} [y_{i-1} - 2y_i + y_{i+1}]$$
 (2)

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n = number of data = 4

i = number of intervals = 3 i.e., i = 1, 2, 3.

h =length of inteval = 1

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Solving (3)&(4), (3)  $\Rightarrow 4M_1 + M_2 = 180$  $4 \times (4) \Rightarrow 4M_1 + 16M_2 = 4320$ i.e., (3) + 4 × (4)  $\Rightarrow -15M_2 = 4140$  $\Rightarrow M_2 = 276$  $(3) \Rightarrow 4M_1 = 180 - 276$  $\Rightarrow M_1 = -24$ To find Cubic spline When i = 1, Cubic spline in  $x_{i-1} \le x \le x_i$ i.e.,  $x_0 \le x \le x_1$ i.e.,  $0 \le x \le 1$ ERVE OPTIMIZE OUTSPREND

i.e., Cubic spline in  $0 \le x \le 1$  is

$$y_{1}(x) = S_{1}(x) = \frac{1}{6(1)} \left[ (x_{1} - x)^{3} M_{0} + (x - x_{0})^{3} M_{1} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{1} (x_{1} - x) \left[ y_{0} - \frac{1}{6} M_{0} \right] + \frac{1}{1} (x - x_{0}) \left[ y_{1} - \frac{1}{6} M_{1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \left[ (1 - x)^{3} (0) + (x - 0)^{3} (-24) \right]$$

$$+ (1 - x) [1 - 0] + (x - 0) [2 - (-24)]$$

$$= -4x^{3} + (1 - x) + 6x$$

$$= -4x^{3} + 5x + 1$$

When i = 2,

Cubic spline in  $x_{i-1} \le x \le x_i$ 

i.e.,  $x_1 \le x \le x_2$ i.e.,  $1 \le x \le 2$ 

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i.e., Cubic spline in  $1 \le x \le 2$  is

$$y_{2}(x) = S_{2}(x) = \frac{1}{6(1)} \left[ (x_{2} - x)^{3} M_{1} + (x - x_{1})^{3} M_{2} \right]$$
  
+  $\frac{1}{1} (x_{2} - x) \left[ y_{1} - \frac{1}{6} M_{1} \right] + \frac{1}{1} (x - x_{1}) \left[ y_{2} - \frac{1}{6} M_{2} \right]$   
=  $\frac{1}{6} \left[ (2 - x)^{3} (-24) + (x - 1)^{3} (276) \right]$   
+  $(2 - x) \left[ 2 - \frac{1}{6} (-24) \right] + (x - 1) \left[ 33 - \frac{1}{6} (276) \right]$   
=  $-4 (2 - x)^{3} + 46 (x - 1)^{3} + 6 (2 - x) - 13 (x - 1)$   
=  $50x^{3} - 162x^{2} + 162x - 53$ 

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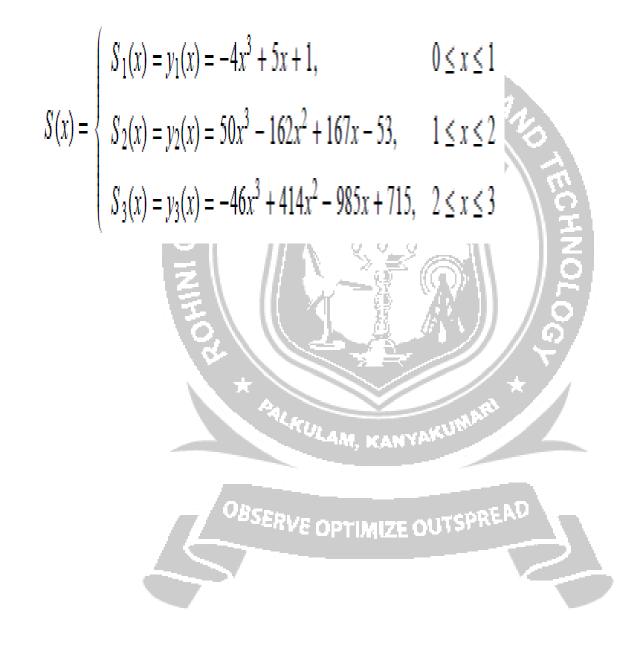
When i = 3,

Cubic spline in  $x_{i-1} \le x \le x_i$ i.e.,  $x_2 \le x \le x_3$ i.e.,  $2 \le x \le 3$ 

i.e., Cubic spline in  $2 \le x \le 3$  is

$$y_{3}(x) = S_{3}(x) = \frac{1}{6(1)} \left[ (x_{3} - x)^{3} M_{2} + (x - x_{2})^{3} M_{3} \right]$$
  
+  $\frac{1}{1} (x_{3} - x) \left[ y_{2} - \frac{1}{6} M_{2} \right] + \frac{1}{1} (x - x_{2}) \left[ y_{3} - \frac{1}{6} M_{3} \right]$   
=  $\frac{1}{6} \left[ (3 - x)^{3} (276) + 0 \right]$   
+  $(3 - x) \left[ 33 - \frac{1}{6} (276) \right] + (x - 2) [244 - 0]$   
=  $46 \left( 27 - x^{3} + 9x^{2} - 27x \right) - 13 (3 - x) + 244x - 488$   
=  $-46x^{3} + 414x^{2} - 985x + 715$ 

# $\therefore$ Cubic spline is



When 
$$x = 0.5$$
,  $y_1(x = 0.5) = S_1(x = 0.5) = -4(0.5)^3 + 5(0.5)^2 + 1 = 3$ 

When 
$$x = 1.5$$
,  $y_2(x = 1.5) = S_2(x = 1.5) = 50(1.5)^3 - 162(1.5)^2 + 167(1.5) - 53 = 1.75$ 

When 
$$x = 2.5$$
,  $y_3(x = 2.5) = S_3(x = 2.5) = -46(2.5)^3 + 414(2.5)^2 - 985(2.5) + 715 = 121.25$ 

From the following table	x	x 1 2 3			Find cubic spline and			
	y = f(x)	-8	-1	18	. Find cubic spine and			
1(1) (2 5) and 1(2)								

compute y(1.5), y'(1), y(2.5) and y'(3).

Solution:

$$S(x) = \begin{cases} S_1(x) = y_1(x) = 3(x-1)^3 + 4x - 12, & 1 \le x \le 2\\ S_2(x) = y_2(x) = 3(3-x)^3 + 22x - 48, & 2 \le x \le 3 \end{cases}$$

&

$$y(x = 1.5) = S_1(x = 1.5) = -\frac{45}{8}, y'(x = 1) = S'_1(x = 1) = 4$$
  
$$y(x = 2.5) = S_2(x = 2.5) = 7.375, y'(x = 3) = S'_2(x = 3) = 22.$$



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Fit a natural cubic spline for the following data:	x				
Fit a natural cubic spine for the following data.	y = f(x)	1	4	0	-2

{AU 2008}

Solution: Assume  $M_0 = 0 = M_3$ .

$$S(x) = \begin{cases} S_1(x) = y_1(x) = -2x^3 + 5x + 1, & [0,1] \\ S_2(x) = y_2(x) = 3x^3 - 15x^2 + 20x - 4, & [1,2] \\ S_3(x) = y_3(x) = -x^3 + 9x^2 - 28x + 28, & [2,3] \end{cases}$$

### 4.4.3 Anna University Questions

1. If f(0) = 1, f(1) = 2, f(2) = 33 and f(3) = 244, find a cubic spline approximation, assuming M(0) = M(3) = 0. Also, find f(2.5). (AM10)

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$$S(x) = y(x) = \begin{cases}
S_1(x) = y_1(x) = -4x^3 + 5x + 1, & x \in [0, 1] \\
S_2(x) = y_2(x) = 50x^3 - 162x^2 + 1670x - 53, & x \in [1, 2] \\
S_3(x) = y_3(x) = -46x^3 + 414x^2 - 985x + 715, & x \in [2, 3] \\
f(x) = -46x^3 + 414x^2 - 985x + 715, & x \in [2, 3] \\
f'(x) = -138x^2 + 828x - 985 \\
f'(x = 2.5) = -138(2.5)^2 + 828(2.5) - 985 \\
= 222.5$$

Solution: Hint:

4. The following values of *x* and *y* are given:

Find the cubic splines and evaluate y(1.5) and y'(3)Solution: Hint :

$$\left(S_1(x) = y_1(x) = \frac{1}{3} \left(x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x\right), \qquad x \in [1, 2]\right)$$

(MJ12)

$$S(x) = y(x) = \begin{cases} S_2(x) = y_2(x) = \frac{1}{3} \left( x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x \right), & x \in [2,3] \\ 0 & x \in [2,3] \end{cases}$$

$$\left(S_{3}(x) = y_{3}(x) = \frac{1}{3}\left(-2x^{3} + 24x^{2} - 76x + 81\right), \quad x \in [3, 4]$$

$$y(x) = \frac{1}{3} \left( x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x \right) \Rightarrow y(1.5) = 1.375, \qquad x \in [1, 2]$$

$$y'(x) = \frac{1}{3} (3x^2 - 6x + 5) \Rightarrow y'(3) = 4.66666666667, \qquad x \in [2, 3]$$

$$y'(x) = \frac{1}{3} \left( -6x^2 + 48x - 76 \right) \Rightarrow y'(3) = 4.66666666667, x \in [3, 4]$$

5. Obtain the cubic spline for the following data to find y(0.5).  $x: -1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2$  $y: -1 \quad 1 \quad 3 \quad 35$ (ND12)

(or)

Solution: Hint :

$$S(x) = y(x) = \begin{cases} S_1(x) = y_1(x) = -2x^3 - 6x^2 - 2x + 1, & x \in [-1, 0] \\ S_2(x) = y_2(x) = 10x^3 - 6x^2 - 2x + 1, & x \in [0, 1] \\ S_3(x) = y_3(x) = -8x^3 + 48x^2 - 56x + 19, & x \in [1, 2] \end{cases}$$

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- 6. Using cubic spline, compute y(1.5) from the given data.
  - x: 1 2 3y: -8 -1 18

Solution: Hint :

$$S(x) = y(x) = 3x^{3} - 9x^{2} + 13x - 15$$
  
$$y(1.5) = 3(1.5)^{3} - 9(1.5)^{2} + 13(1.5) - 15 = -\frac{45}{8} = -5.625, \quad x \in [1, 2]$$

- 9. Obtain the cubic spline approximation for the function y = f(x) from the following data, given that  $y_0'' = y_3'' = 0$ . (ND14)
  - x -1 0 1 2 y -1 1 3 35
- 10. Find the cubic Spline interpolation.

x	1	2	3	4	5	I
f(x)	1	0	1	0	1	

11. Given the following table, find f(2.5) using cubic spline functions :

Solution :

[Ans:  $S_2(2.5) = 0.2829$ ]

(AU May/June 2007)



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for the function y = f(x) from the following

(AU N/D, 2007, AM2014)

(MJ13)